sfCluster/snowfall: Managing parallel execution of R programs on a compute cluster

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Modern bioinformatics applications require a huge amount of computing resources. To address these, techniques such as MPI, available through the R packages Rmpi and snow, allow the bundling of single machines into compute clusters. However, management of cluster resources has to be performed manually, resulting in problems, when several, potentially unexperienced users access the same cluster pool.

As a solution for this problem we developed sfCluster and the snowfall R package based on the snow package and LAM/MPI. Both are designed for easy and safe usage, hiding cluster setup and internals from end users, who only see a clean snow-like API.

sfCluster is a Unix tool for management of parallel R programs, which assigns resources dynamically in a reasonable way, sets up the LAM cluster and monitors the execution of the parallel R program as well as controlling the cluster itself. sfCluster features various execution modes: it can run an R interactive shell, raw batch mode or a visual monitoring mode, which allows process and logfile control during runtime directly on the terminal using Curses. Memory observation, process control and cluster session shutdowns even work if the LAM cluster itself died or some machines went offline or network problems occurred.

snowfall is the corresponding R package, which connects to sfCluster, but can also be used without it. In contrast to the snow package it provides easy switching between sequential and parallel execution, which eases development on machines without cluster environment. The package also features basic intermediate saving of results (with restore), so not all results are lost in case of a cluster stop.

The use of these advanced tools will be illustrated with application scenarios from our department, where several users can now perform demanding bioinformatics simulation studies at the same time.